

Johan Mackenbach

Department of Public Health, Erasmus MC

SUCCESSES AND FAILURES OF HEALTH POLICY IN EUROPE

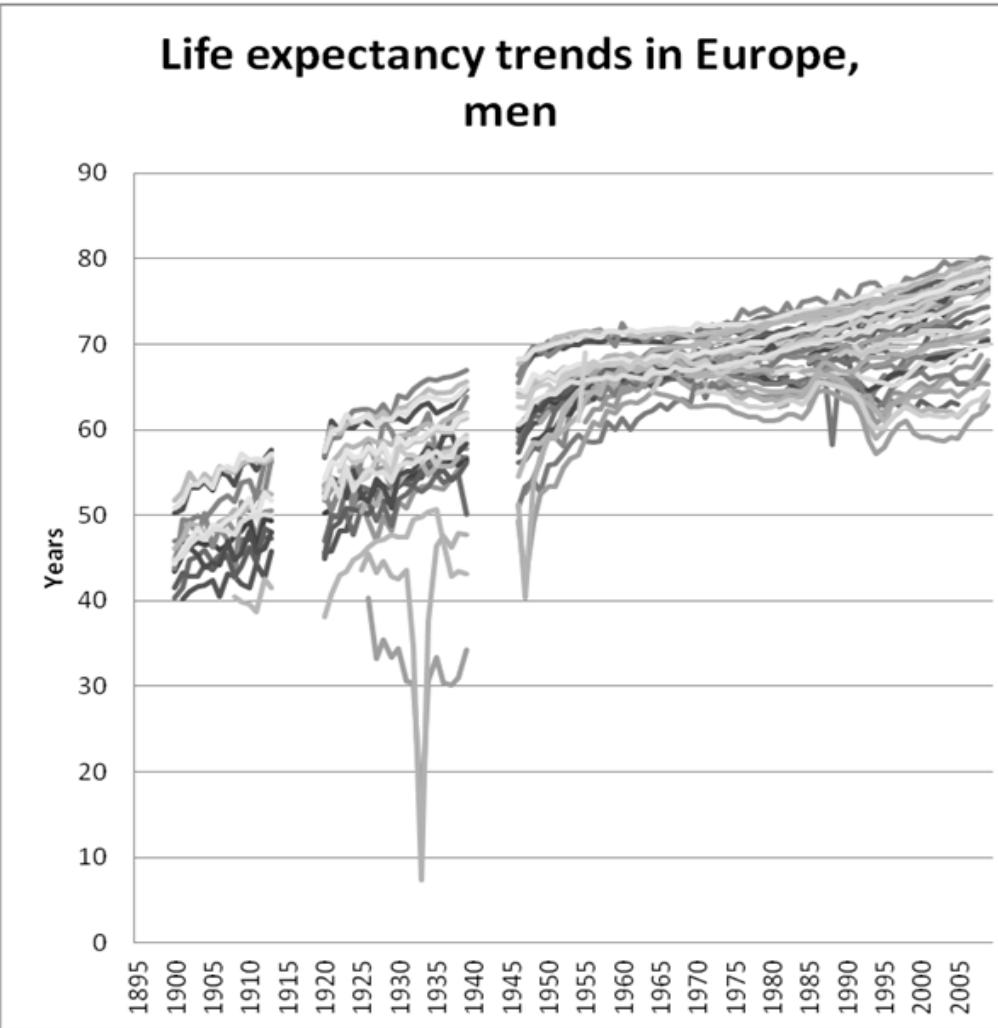
WHY?

- Europe is an underutilized 'natural laboratory' for policy evaluation
- Over the past 40 years, there were enormous variations in population health trends
- While health care and social policies have often been studied, health policy has not

OUTLINE

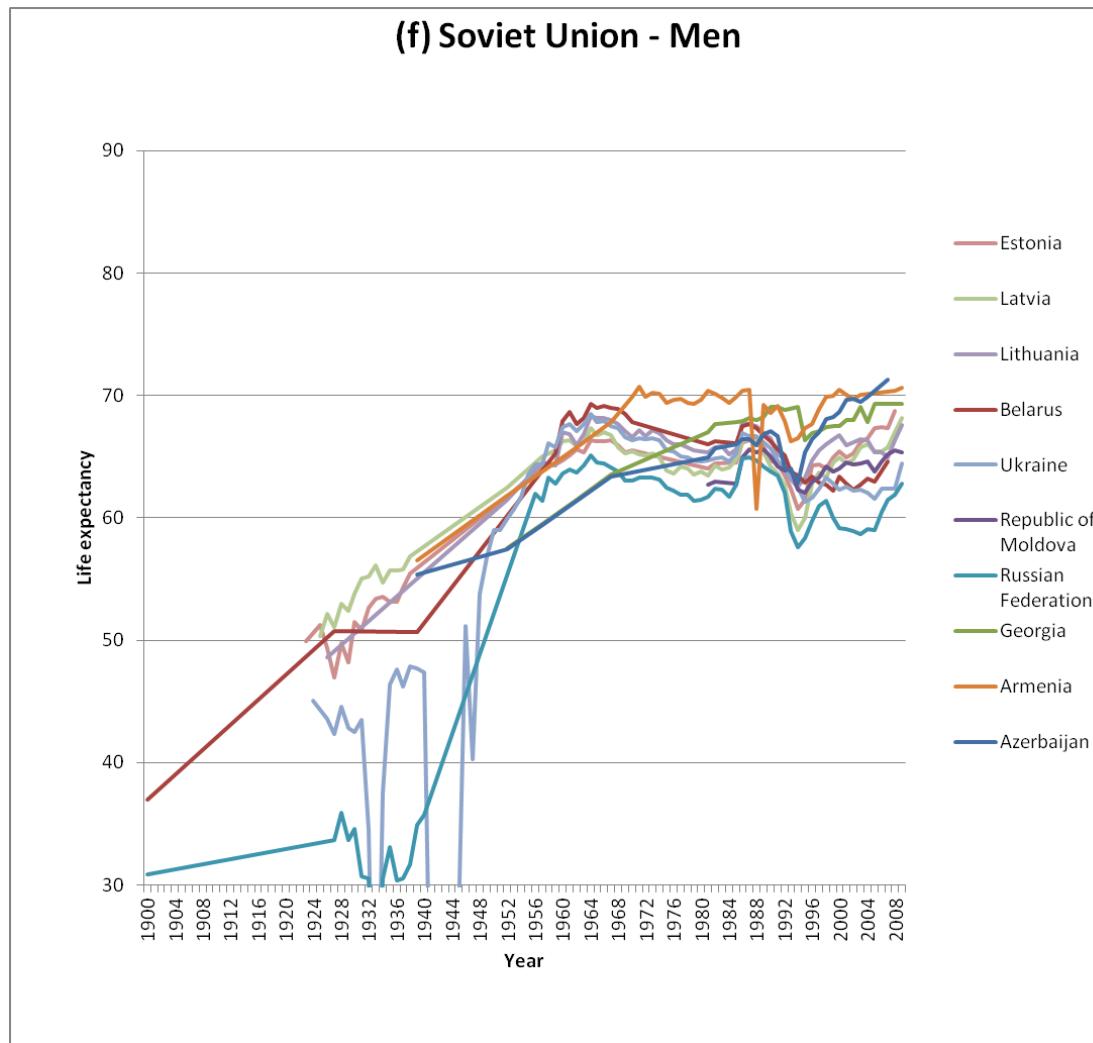
- Context: recent divergence of life expectancy in Europe, possible explanations
- Successes and failures of health policy in Europe: performance indicators
- Determinants of health policy performance: economic, social, political

WIDENING, NARROWING, WIDENING OF GAP IN E_o



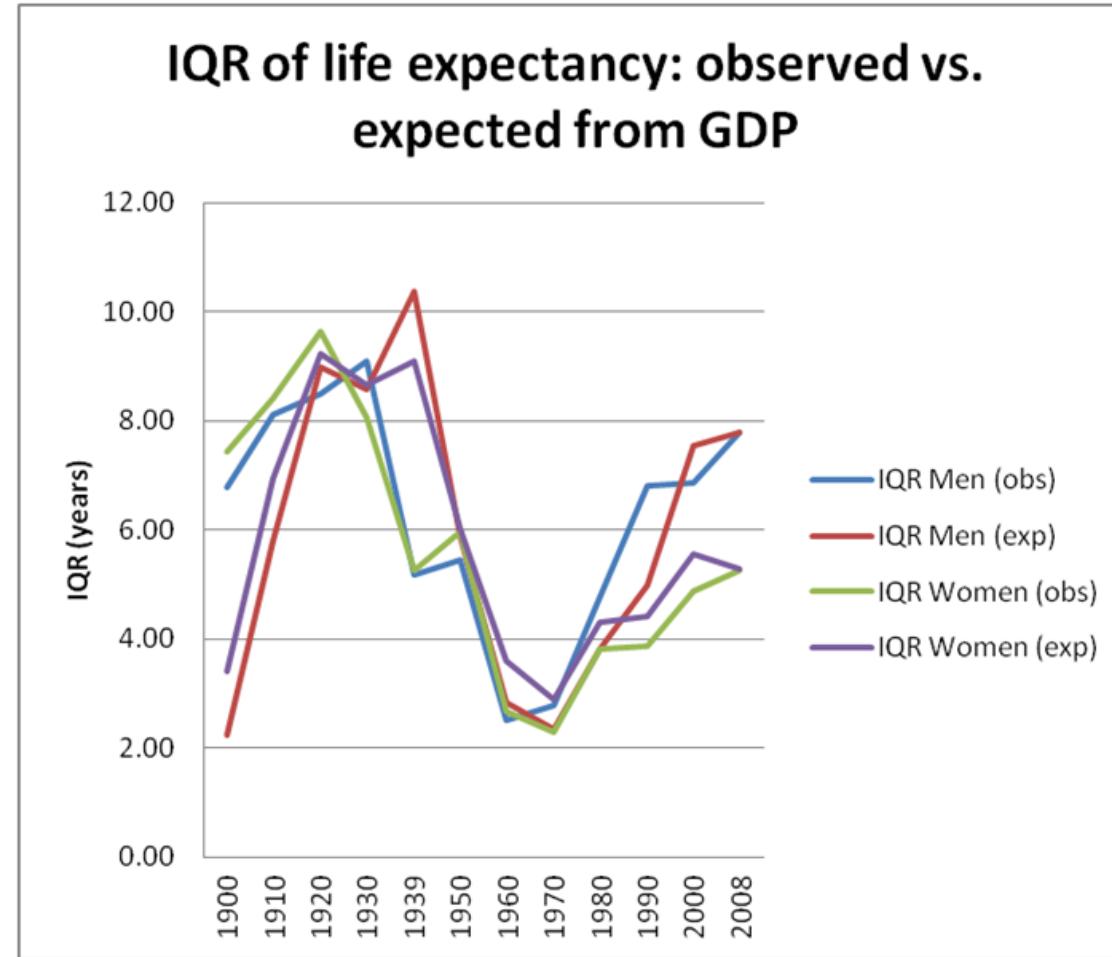
Mackenbach 2013

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH IN THE FORMER SOVIET UNION

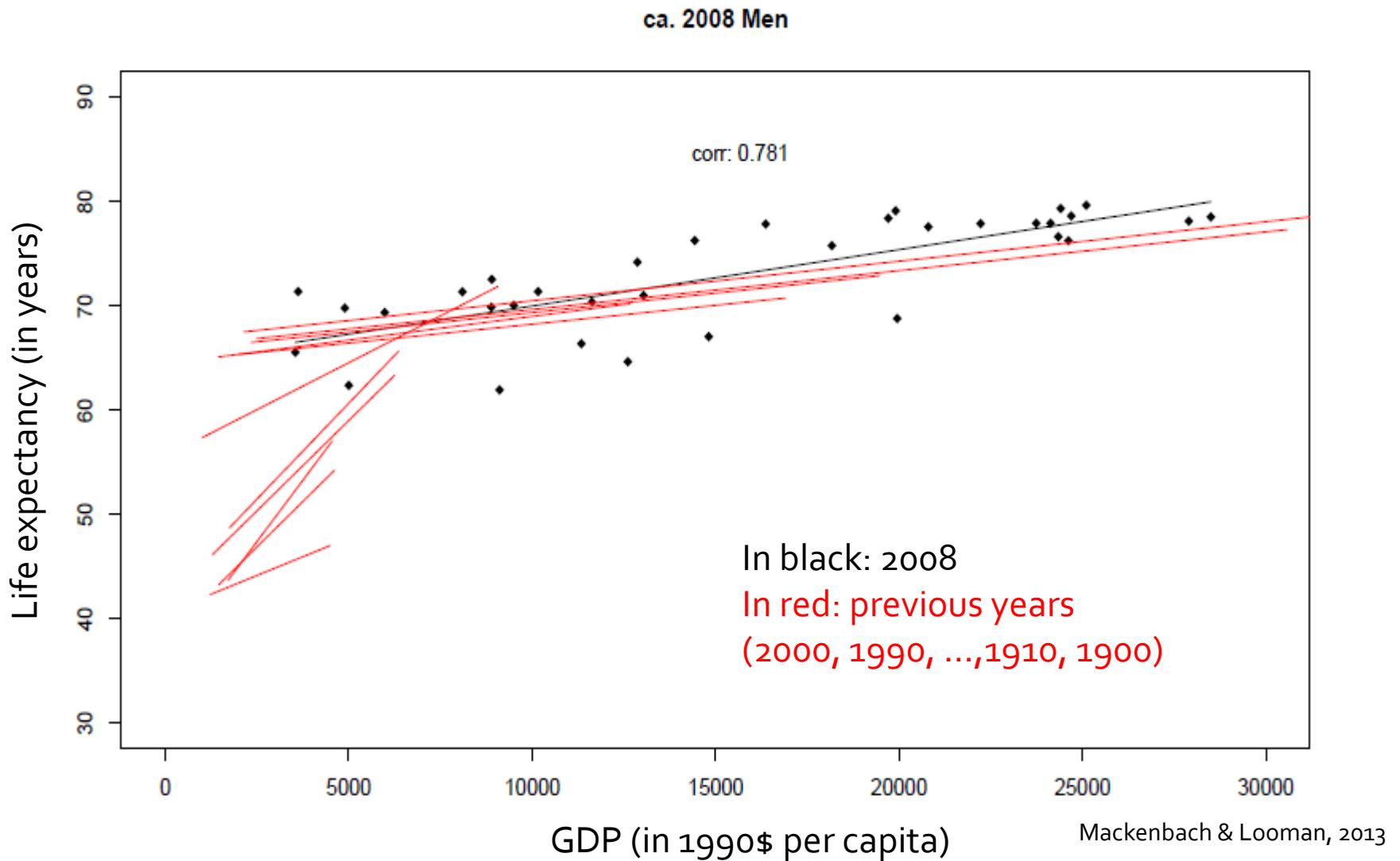


Mackenbach 2013

GAP IN E_o FOLLOWS GAP IN NATIONAL INCOME



RECENT WIDENING REFLECTS WIDENING INCOME GAP



EUROPE'S DIVISIVE POLITICAL HISTORY



Yalta 1945



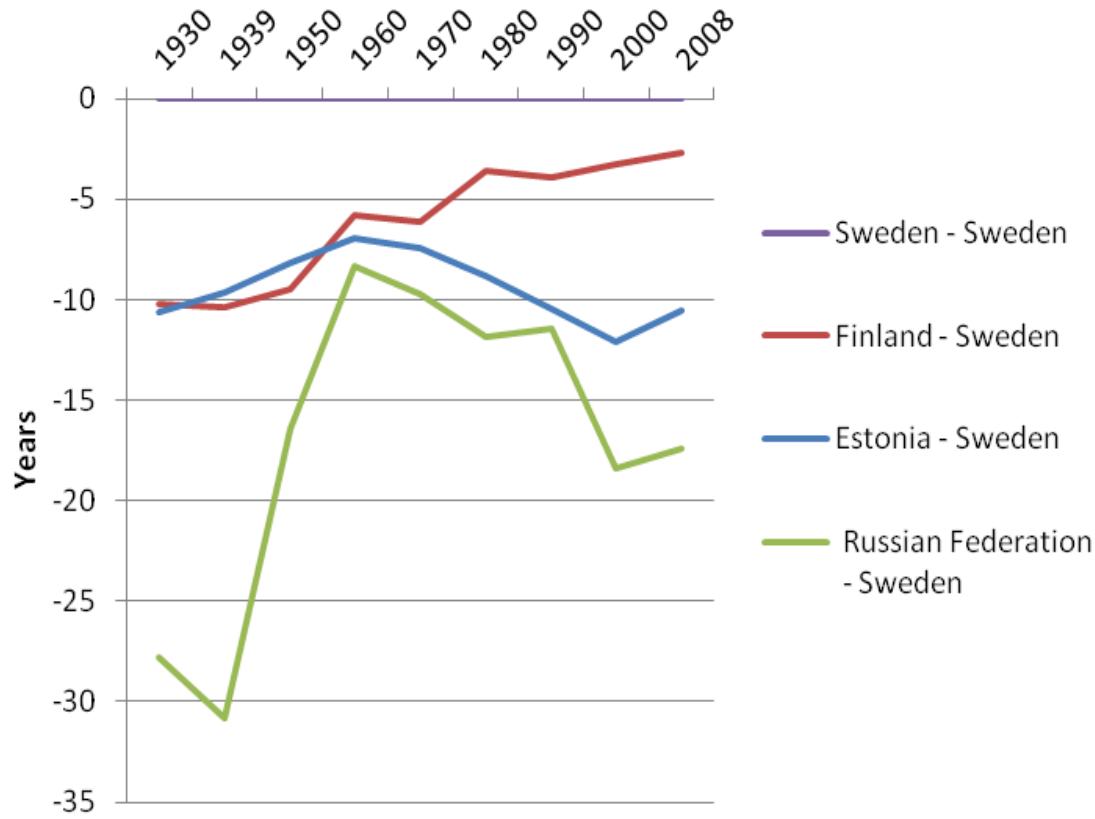
Budapest 1956

Moscow 1992



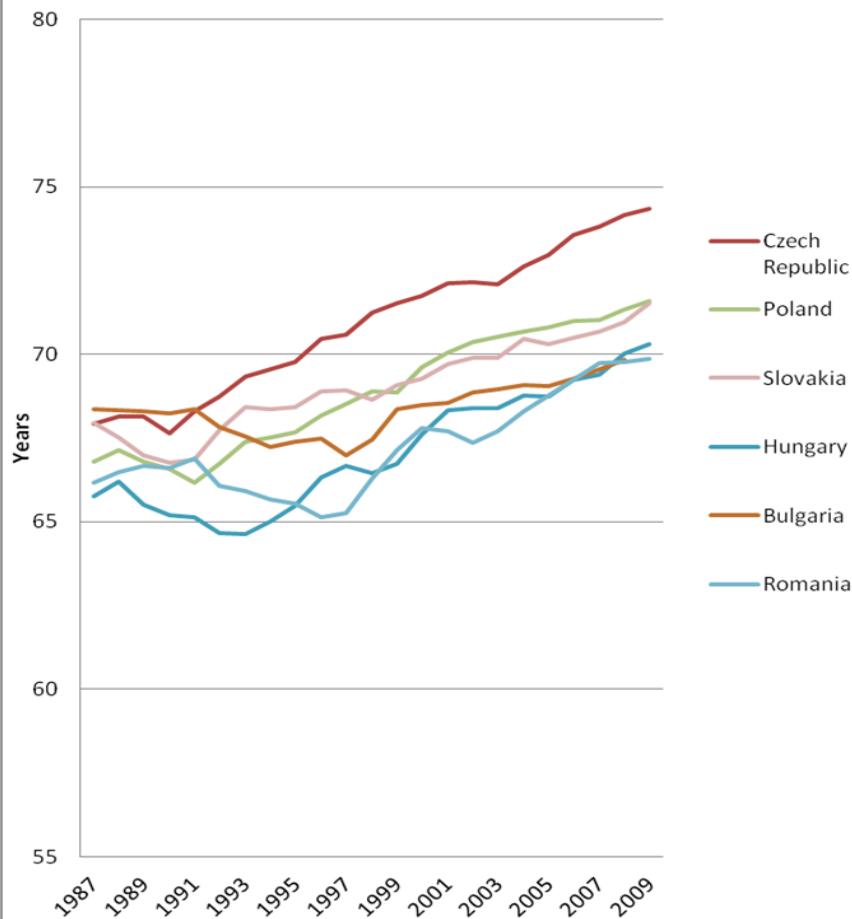
TRENDS IN E_o ULTIMATELY DETERMINED BY POLITICAL CONDITIONS?

Finland, Estonia and Russia: differences in LE with Sweden (men)

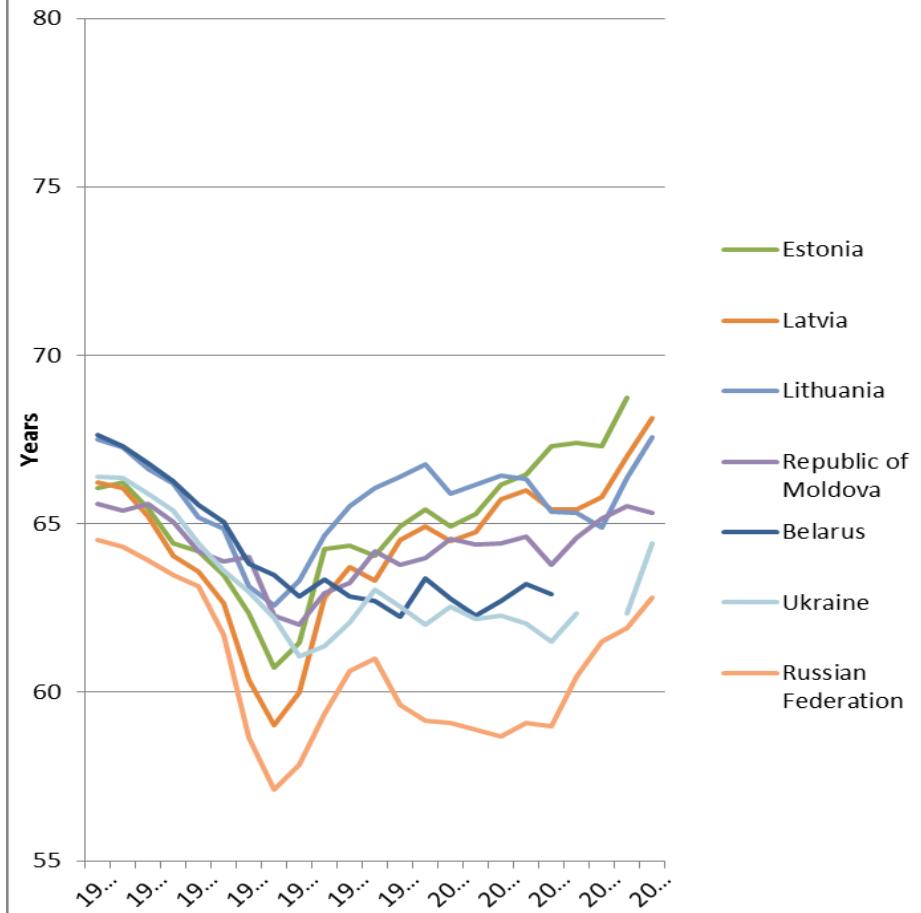


TRENDS IN E_0 ULTIMATELY DETERMINED BY POLITICAL CONDITIONS?

Male life expectancy,
Central and Eastern Europe



Male life expectancy,
former Soviet Union



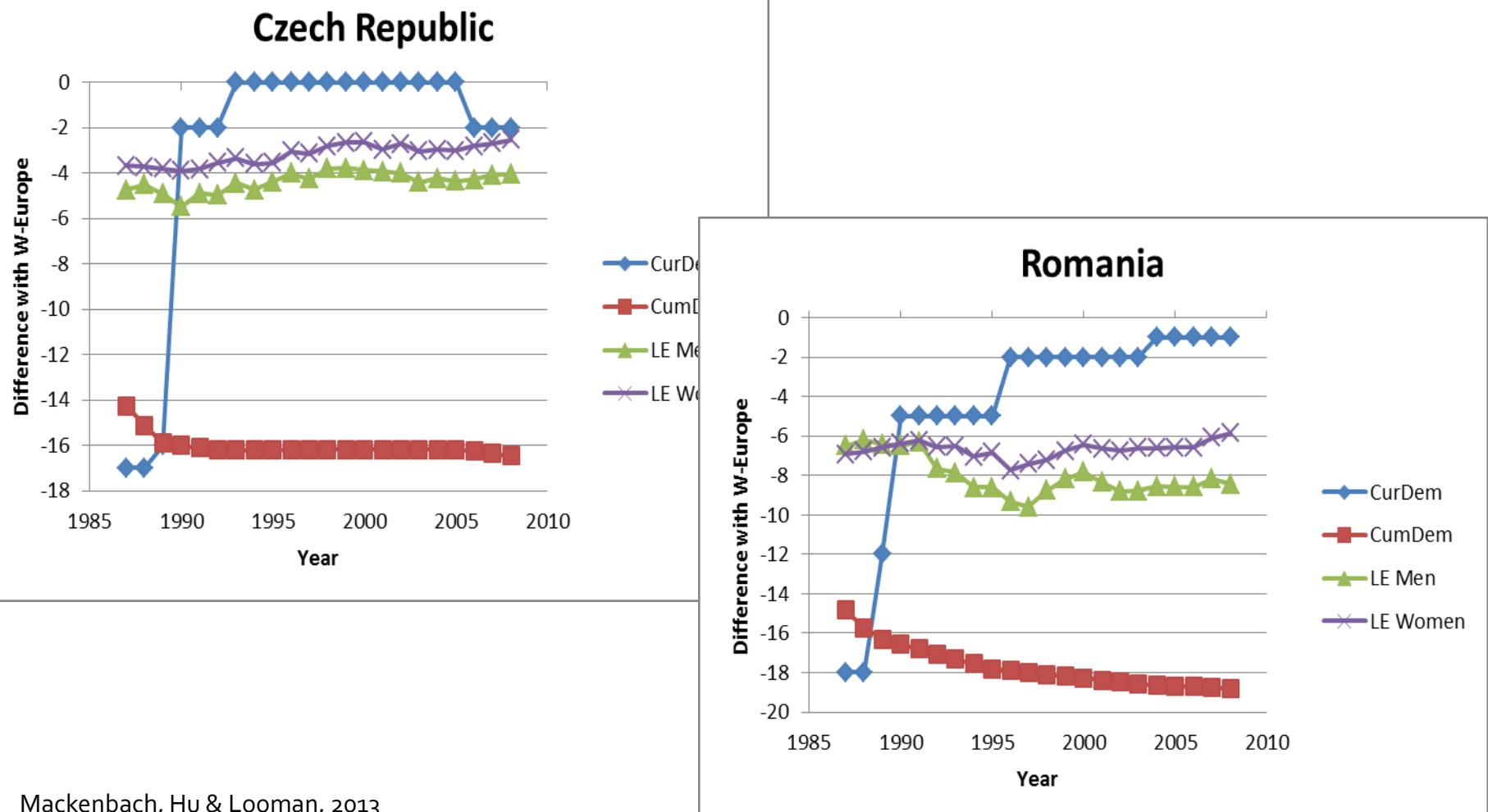
DEMOCRACY VS. LIFE EXPECTANCY: RESULTS OF REGRESSION ANALYSES

Current and cumulative democracy vs. mortality, 1987-2008: results of fixed effects regression models

Cumulative years with full democracy since 1970.
Controlling for GDP, GDP^2 , education, independence, war, economic liberalization, time, and country

Outcome (Men)	Current	Cumulative
Life expectancy	-0.0761**	0.674**
All causes	3.491	-59.99***
All circulatory diseases	0.467	-43.40***
Ischemic heart disease	-0.198	-24.26**
Cerebrovascular disease	0.410	-9.725*
All cancers	0.724**	-3.179
Cancer of lung	0.254	-0.123
Cancer of breast		
All infectious diseases	-0.184	-1.085
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis	0.595	-2.293
All external causes	1.950**	-12.64***
Motor vehicle accidents	0.395***	-1.116
Suicide	0.191	-0.295

DEMOCRACY VS. LIFE EXPECTANCY: CZECH REPUBLIC VS. ROMANIA



11 AREAS OF HEALTH POLICY

- Tobacco control
- Alcohol control
- Food and nutrition
- Fertility, pregnancy, childbirth
- Child health
- Infectious disease
- Hypertension
- Cancer screening
- Mental health
- Road traffic injury
- Air pollution

APPROACH

- Literature reviews to identify effective interventions
- Relate implementation to intermediate and final health outcomes
- Select performance indicators and create summary score
- Rank countries, identify determinants of health policy performance

MAIN SUCCESSES

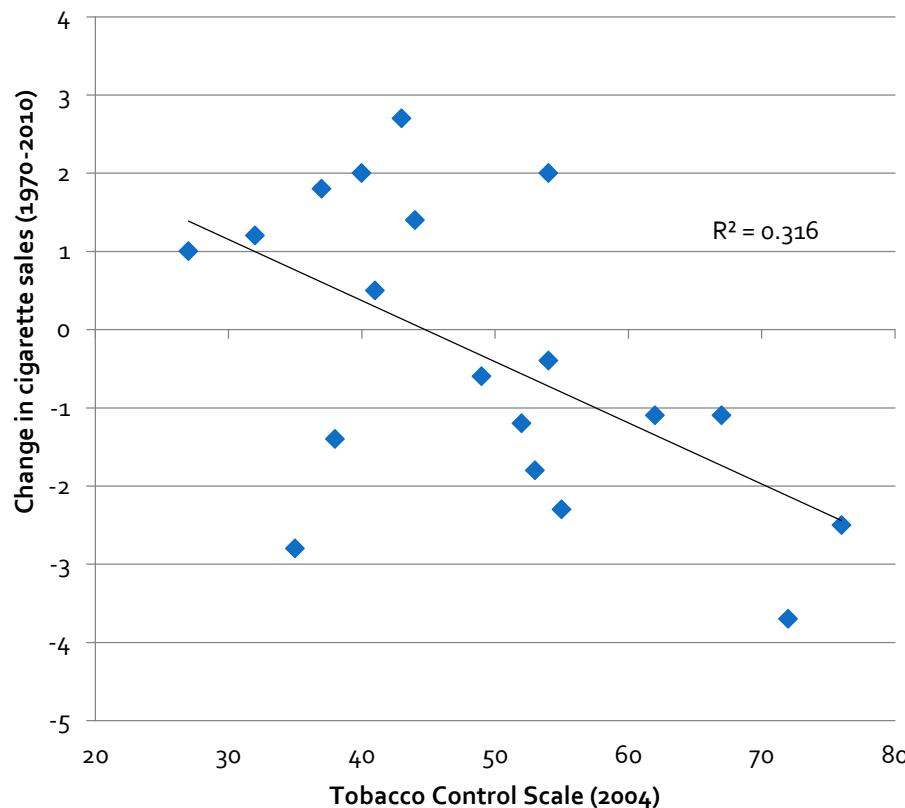
- Tobacco control
- Alcohol control
- Food and nutrition
- Fertility, pregnancy, childbirth
- Child health
- Infectious disease
- Hypertension
- Cancer screening
- Mental health
- Road traffic injury
- Air pollution

MAIN FAILURES

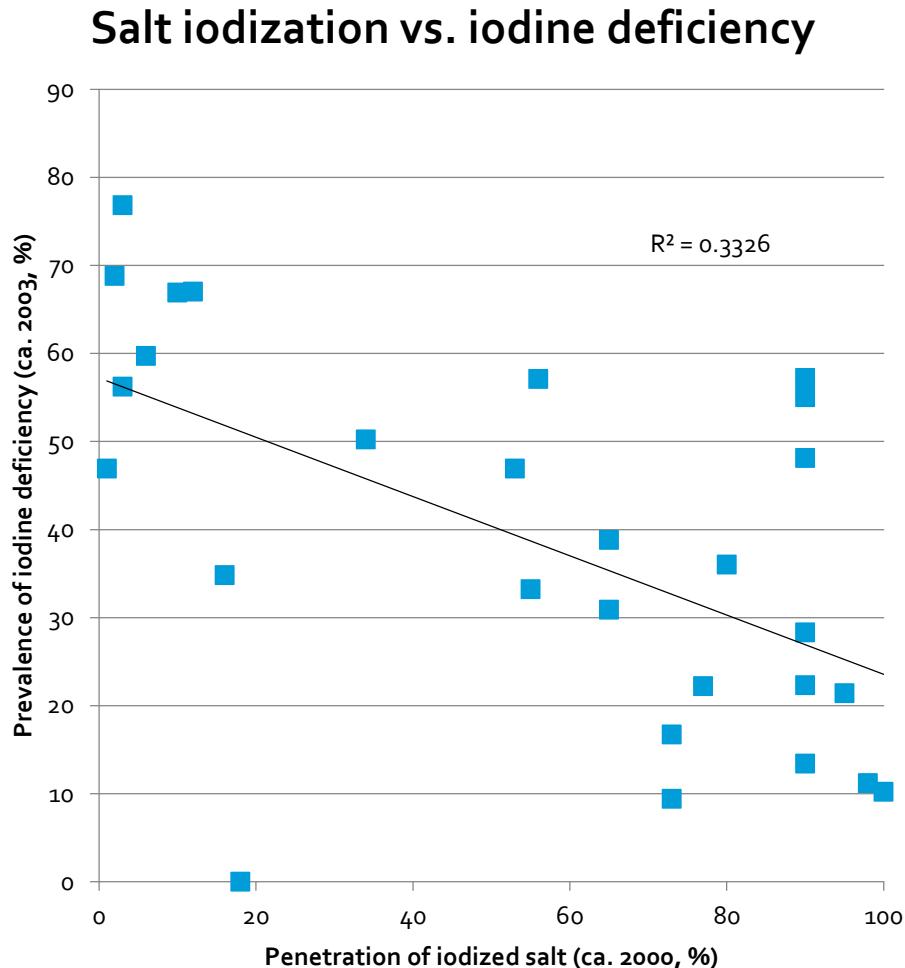
- Tobacco control
- Alcohol control
- Food and nutrition
- Fertility, pregnancy, childbirth
- Child health
- Infectious disease
- Hypertension
- Cancer screening
- Mental health
- Road traffic injury
- Air pollution

LESS SMOKING WITH MORE TOBACCO CONTROL

Tobacco control
vs. change in cigarette sales

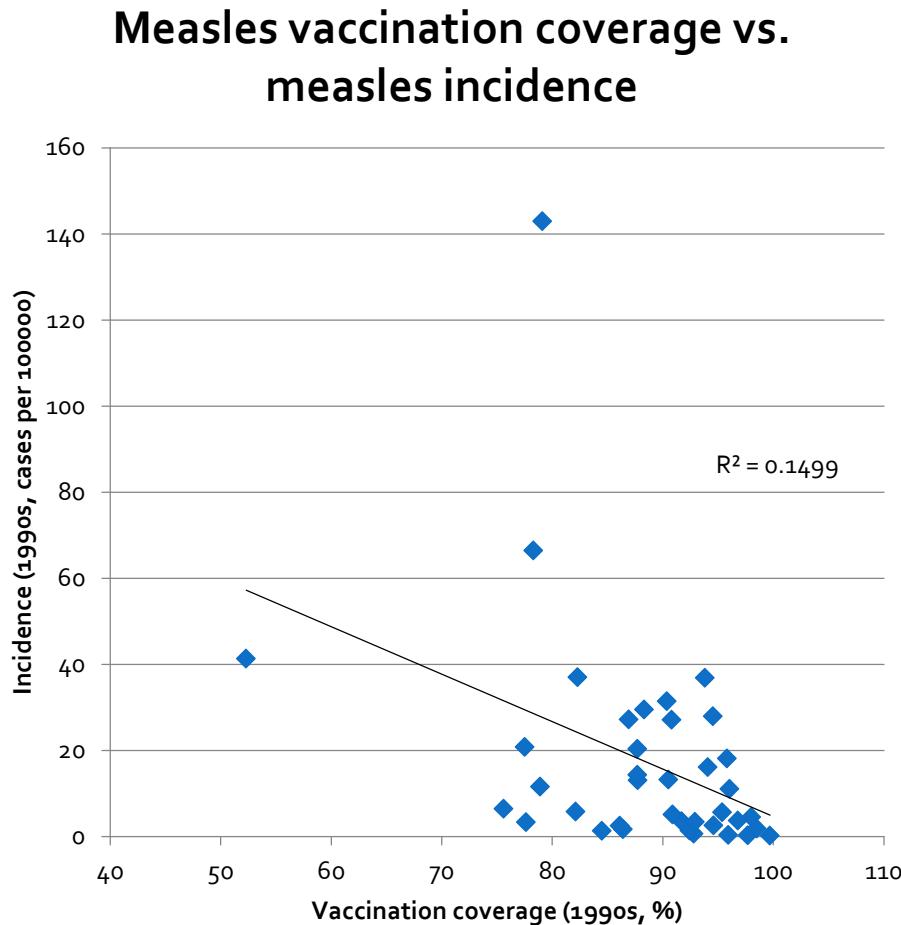


LESS IODINE DEFICIENCY WITH MORE SALT IODIZATION



Mackenbach & McKee 2013

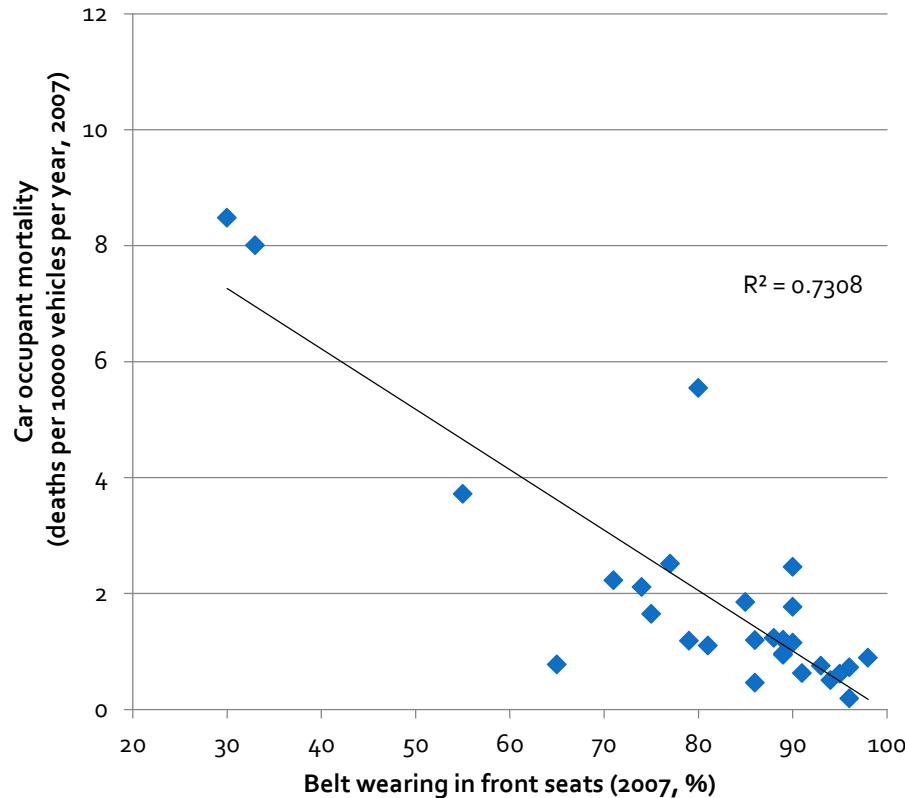
LESS MEASLES WITH MORE MEASLES IMMUNISATION



Mackenbach & McKee 2013

LESS CAR OCCUPANT DEATHS WITH MORE SEAT BELT WEARING

Seat belt wearing vs.
car occupant mortality



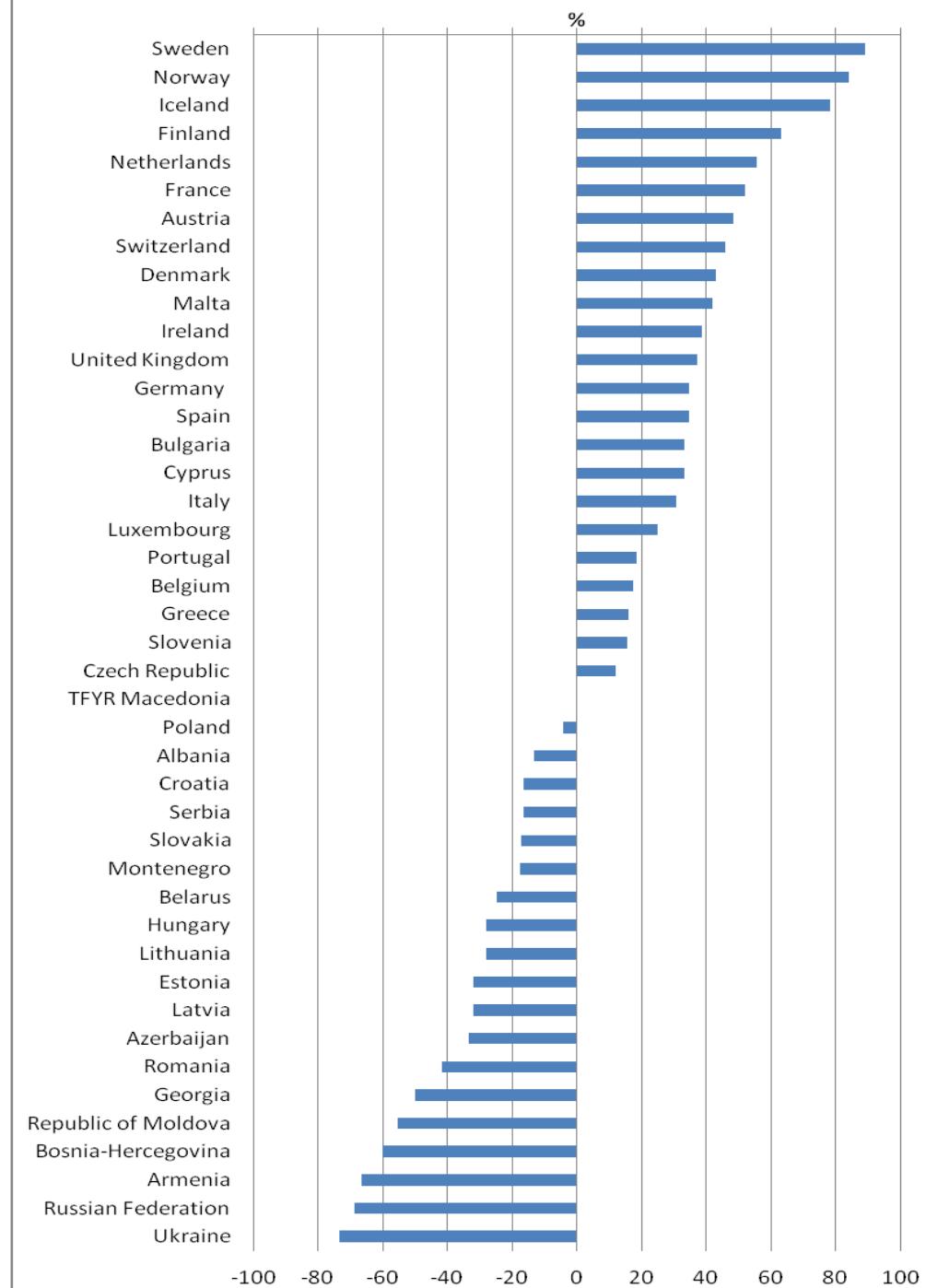
HEALTH POLICY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	Health policy performance		Alcohol		Food		Fertility, pregnancy and childbir		Child health		Infectious diseases		Hypertension		Cancer screening		Road traffic safety		Air pollution										
	Tobacco	Malesmok	Malelungc	BtG 2005	Alc cons 2l	Male liver	Iodine def	Fat%	Energ	Fruit&veg	Teenage p	Neonatal r	Maternal r	Measles in	Safety sco	Postneon	AIDS incid	SA%MRSA	Infl vanc	cSBP men 2	Stroke mo	Breast scr	Cerv ca	Seat belt	Occup mo	Ped mort/	SO2/mio	Urban Ozo	
Nordic	TCS 2010	Malesmok	Malelungc	BtG 2005	Alc cons 2l	Male liver	Iodine def	Fat%	Energ	Fruit&veg	Teenage p	Neonatal r	Maternal r	Measles in	Safety sco	Postneon	AIDS incid	SA%MRSA	Infl vanc	cSBP men 2	Stroke mo	Breast scr	Cerv ca	Seat belt	Occup mo	Ped mort/	SO2/mio	Urban Ozo	
Finland	52	26	44,73	31,5	12,27	29,39	28,3	36,04	172	2,20	2,02	3,92	99,0	38,5	0,63	0,55	0,4	47	135,3	39,64	2	1,5	89	0,94	0,17	11,12	1689		
Sweden	51	13	28,49	35,5	8,85	7,83	30,0	35,59	205	1,64	1,61	4,24	98,3	42,5	0,88	0,68	0,3	55	131,7	38,83	2	2,3	96	0,72	0,13	3,22	2013		
Norway	62	21	44,74	35	8,30	4,79	47,1	35,33	220	2,44	2,14	4,47	94,0	1,04	0,38	0,0		134,5	37,08	2	3,0	93	0,75	0,11	3,26	879			
Iceland	61	21	47,85		7,93	3,23	19,0	39,08	222	3,38	0,99	0,00	98,0	48,5	0,80	0,63	0,0		129,6	34,58	2	0,0	88	1,23	0,14				
Denmark	46	28	63,24	17	12,86		48,1	35,83	209	1,49	2,68	7,75	89,0	0,72	0,73	0,0		53	129,7		1	3,1				2,68	2446		
Britain & Ireland																													
United King	77	22	51,68	24,5	12,52	15,39	68,8	37,74	218	6,15	3,18	7,59	92,1	39,5	1,47	1,19	5,7	73	131,2	45,44	2	2,6	91	0,63	0,24	6,45	1123		
Ireland	69	31	52,56	25,5	12,87	9,04	56,2	34,63	219	2,99	2,28	3,18	93,0	31,0	0,96	0,63	2,5		134,9	38,74	1	4,7	86	1,19	0,39	7,35	1197		
Continental																													
Netherlands	46	32	67,58	16	9,73	5,71	30,9	37,34	239	1,43	2,86	4,72	96,8	45,5	0,99	1,48	2,6	61	131,2	33,57	2	2,4	94	0,50	0,13	2,31	1360		
Belgium	50	25	78,73	12	12,00		66,9	39,96	201	2,76	2,61		99,0	30,0	1,37	1,08	2,1		128,5		1	3,5		79	1,18	0,20	7,11	2787	
Luxembourg	33	28	63,66	5,5	12,76	16,82	32,7	38,88	276	1,79	1,42		99,1		0,71	1,43	18,2	82	130,9	39,57	2							6,31	
Germany	37		53,72	5,5	12,87		38,8	36,54	182	2,27	2,58	5,15		39,0	1,25	0,59	0,2	63	132,9		1	2,9	95	0,62	0,15	5,47	3130		
Switzerland	48	23	43,96	13,5	10,76	9,23	36,0	40,26	169	0,91	3,07	5,00			0,86	1,92		51	130,6	26,91	1	1,2	86	0,46	0,20	1,68	4701		
Austria	32	27	46,58	5,5	13,00	21,57	21,4	39,36	251	3,34	2,50	3,04	82,5	40,5	1,28	0,78	1,7	65	131,4	31,97	1	2,9		89	0,96	0,25	2,46	5097	
Mediterranean																													
France	55		61,92	13,5	12,70	15,80	33,2	41,79	214	1,96	2,39	7,19	98,0	40,0	1,13	1,61	0,2		131,0	23,74	2	2,3	98	0,89	0,18	4,85	3859		
Spain	46	32	64,56	7,5	13,07	13,30	34,8	42,08	243	2,91	2,14	3,39	96,9	29,0	1,21	2,96	1,1		130,4	33,80	2	2,6	89	1,20	0,29	9,39	5207		
Portugal	43	31	42,98	9	13,43	17,19	46,9	35,41	287	4,37	3,44	5,25	96,8	27,5	1,63	5,11	17,3	67	134,6	69,90	1	4,8	90	1,15	0,34	7,17	3268		
Italy	47	29	60,09	9,5	9,59	12,64	50,2	39,00	295	1,35	2,47	2,18		30,0	1,03	1,63	13,2	67	130,9	42,76	1	2,0	65	0,77	0,21	3,84	6196		
Malta	52	26	44,43	7	8,01	9,13		28,91	318	6,78	5,72	7,94	71,5		2,38	2,18	0,0	50	131,8	51,19	0	2,4	96	0,19	0,19	18,00			
Greece	32		69,22	4	10,55	8,28	0,0	36,72	404	2,81	2,02		99,2	27,0	1,13	0,85	3,2	66	128,5	83,15	1	2,2	75	1,64	0,53	37,95	8084		
Cyprus	40	39	30,96	5	9,53	8,73	41,3	39,04	269	1,84	1,87		97,0	31,5	1,35	1,51	5,9		131,2	40,70	2	1,7	81	1,10	0,39		21,47		
Western Balkans																													
Slovenia	44	22	73,31	9,5	15,31	39,95	23,5	33,79	197	1,32	1,57	9,95	97,0	40,5	0,83	0,54	2,2		136,4	53,17	1	3,5	85	1,85	0,32	5,67	4959		
Croatia		85,15																135,5	104,76	0	5,5				2,07	0,83			
Bosnia-Hercegovina																													
Serbia	31	82,78																											
Montenegro	37	79,08																											
TFYR Macedonia																													
Albania																													
Centre & East																													
Poland	43		91,45	15,5	13,60	26,89	55,0	29,73	180	4,91	4,01	3,11	99,0		1,56	0,42	3,0		135,0	64,09	1	7,8	74	2,11	1,45	22,59	3112		
Czech Rep	34	30	71,26	5	16,61	24,98	13,4	35,89	144	3,09	1,64	3,67		42,0	1,24	0,28	1,2		133,7	70,77	2	5,2	90	1,77	0,57	16,57	4288		
Slovakia	41		68,74	8,5	14,59	39,92	15,0	34,22	154	6,56	3,07	4,97	99,0		2,58	0,02		9	135,7	82,13	0	6,5			2,76	1,88	11,84	8051	
Hungary	34		105,84	13,5	14,15	69,80	57,2	39,22	195	6,09	3,39	14,67	99,9	36,5	1,74	0,23	1,1		136,1	75,69	1	7,8	71	2,22	0,93	7,95	6809		
Romania	45	32	66,82	8	16,30	61,19	46,9	27,87	209	11,79	5,47	21,66		4,33	1,04		29	133,4	154,45	0	16,2	80	5,54	0,80	21,39	4420			
Bulgaria	40		62,10	7	11,45	32,49	11,2	30,91	132	12,66	5,01	7,94	95,3		3,59	0,38	4,7	33	133,3	162,64	0	9,1			3,32	1,34	86,50	3265	
(f) Soviet Union																													
Estonia	43	39	86,40	15,5	14,05	38,03	67,0	25,40	174	5,42	3,18		95,0	35,0	1,81	4,55	13,5		138,6	62,88	2	7,9	90	2,46	0,71	40,89	1675		
Latvia	44	45	76,39	14		24,98	76,8	35,85	168	7,03	5,03	28,15	97,3	34,0	2,72	4,55	5,3		136,8	122,78	1	9,9	77	2,51	1,86	1,80	1260		
Lithuania	41	39	78,69	13	13,02	56,33	59,7	27,24	187	5,59	2,84	4,91	95,8	32,5	2,10	1,61	12,5		137,3	110,40	1	11,5			2,57	1,53	10,77	2304	
Belarus																													
Ukraine																													
Republic of Moldova																													
Russian Federation																													
Georgia																													
Armenia																													
Azerbaijan																													

Mackenbach & McKee 2013

HEALTH POLICY PERFORMANCE SUMMARY SCORE

Mackenbach & McKee 2013



EXAMPLE: LITHUANIA

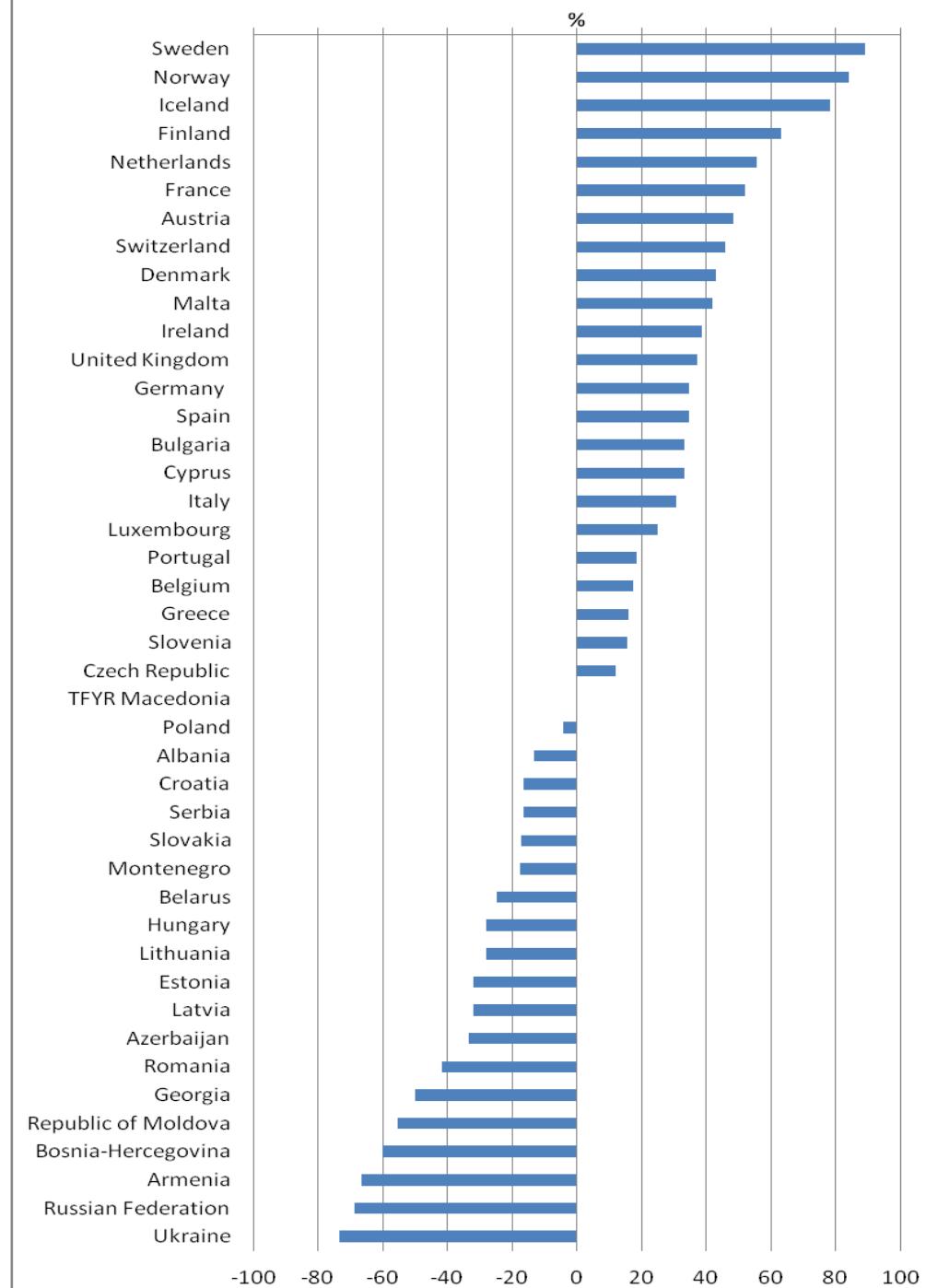
Policy area	Indicator	Lithuania	Europe
Tobacco	Tobacco Control Scale	41	46
	Daily smokers	39	32
	Lung cancer mortality	79	62
Alcohol	Alcohol Control index	13	14
	Alcohol consumption	13	12
	Liver cirrhosis mortality	56	26
Nutrition	Iodine deficiency	60	35
	Fat consumption	27	33
	Fruit and vegetables	187	217
Pregnancy	Teenage pregnancy	5.6	5.4
	Neonatal mortality	2.8	3.9
	Maternal mortality	4.9	11.0
Child	Measles immunization	96	95
	Child Safety Score	33	36
	Postneonatal mortality	2.1	2.1

EXAMPLE: LITHUANIA

Policy area	Indicator	Lithuania	Europe
Infections	AIDS incidence	1.6	1.5
	MRSA infections	12.5	4.4
	Influenza vaccination	n.a.	53
Hypertension	Blood pressure	137	133
	Cerebrovascular mort.	110	77
Cancer screening	Breast cancer screening	1	n.a.
	Cervical ca. mortality	11.5	5.8
Road safety	Safety belt use	n.a.	81
	Car occupant mortality	2.6	2.8
	Pedestrian mortality	1.5	1.5
Air pollution	SO ² emissions	10.8	13.4
	Urban ozone	2304	3584
Summary score	% high minus % low	-28	5

HEALTH POLICY PERFORMANCE SUMMARY SCORE

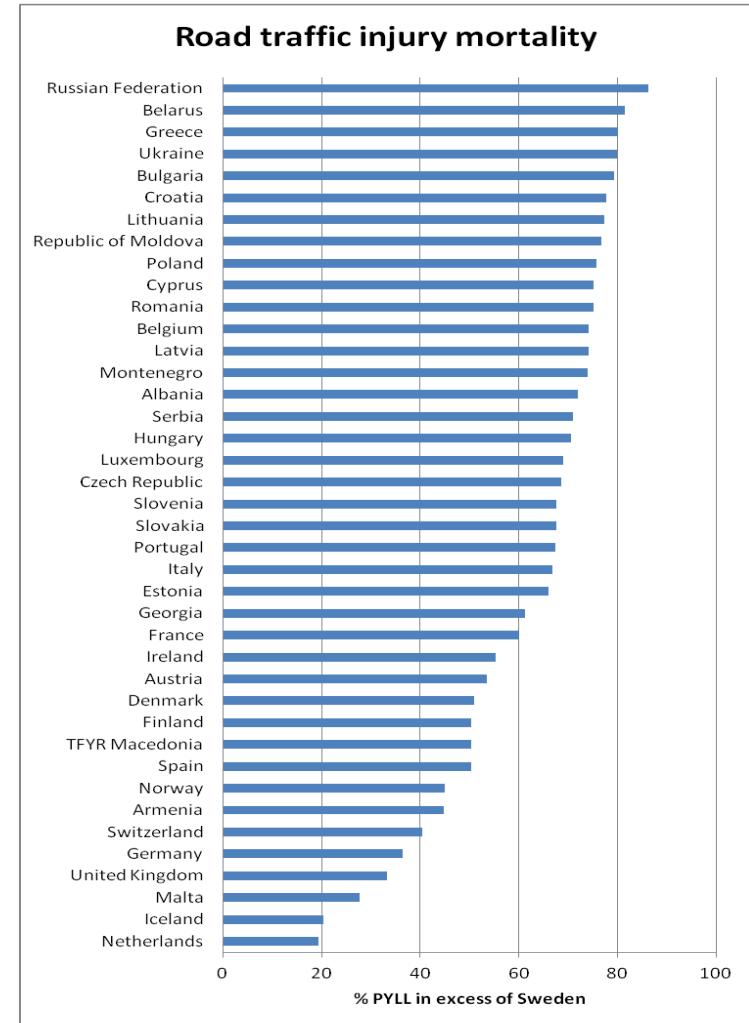
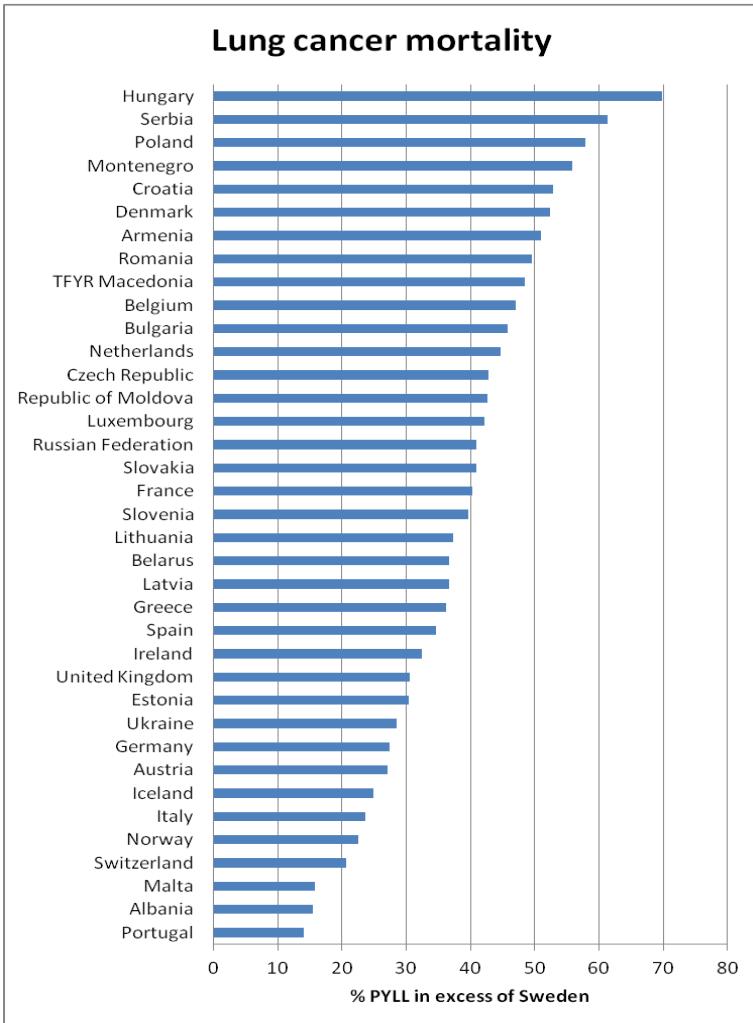
Mackenbach & McKee 2013



UNFINISHED BUSINESS

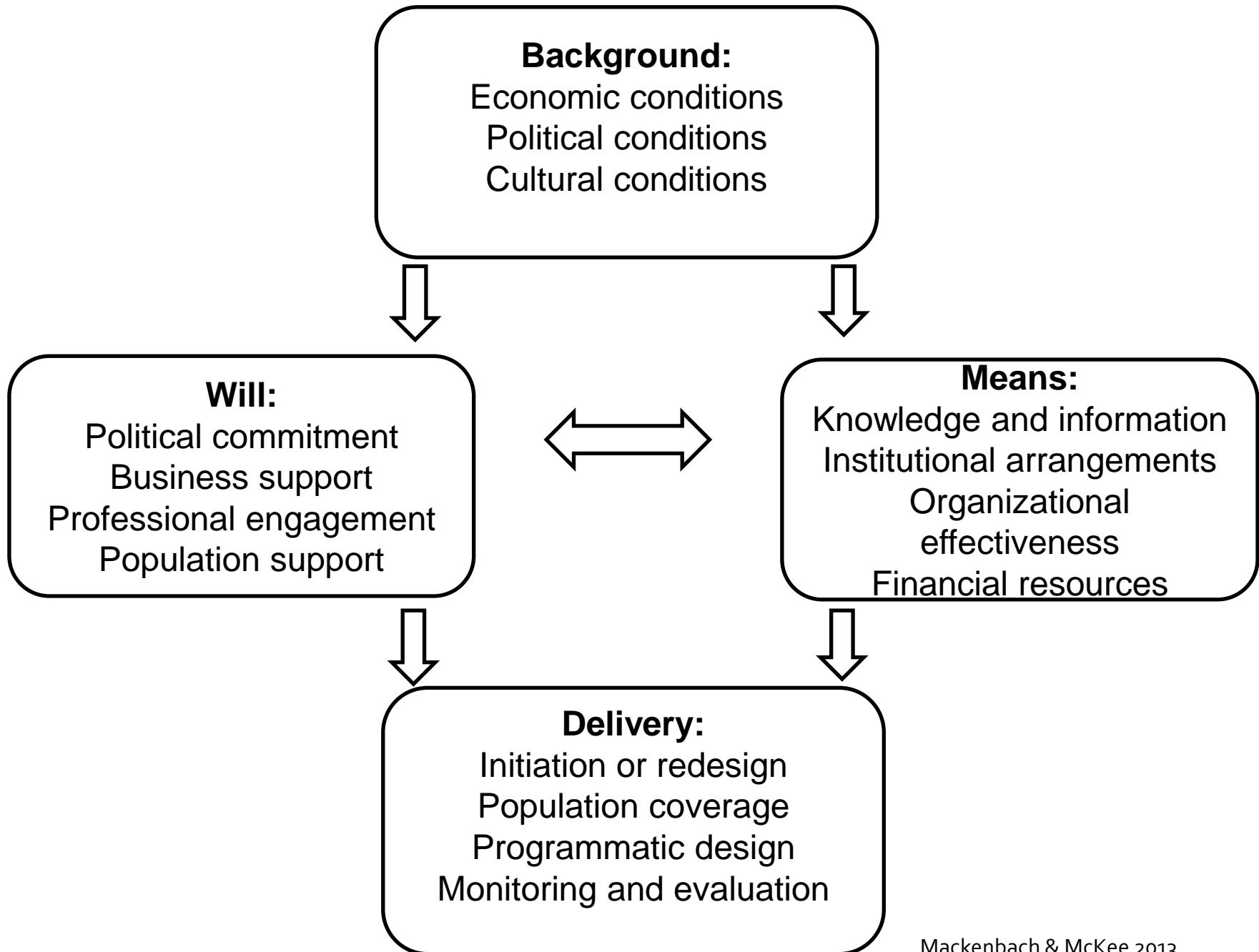
- Enormous gaps in implementation of effective health policies in Europe, particularly in Central and Eastern Europe
- Even in Western Europe, countries could typically reduce years of life lost by 30-50% by adopting policies in countries with best practices
- Remaining gaps in all areas: tobacco and alcohol control, iodine deficiency, immunisation, child safety, cancer screening, road safety, air pollution, ...

EXCESS MORTALITY AS COMPARED TO SWEDEN, 2008



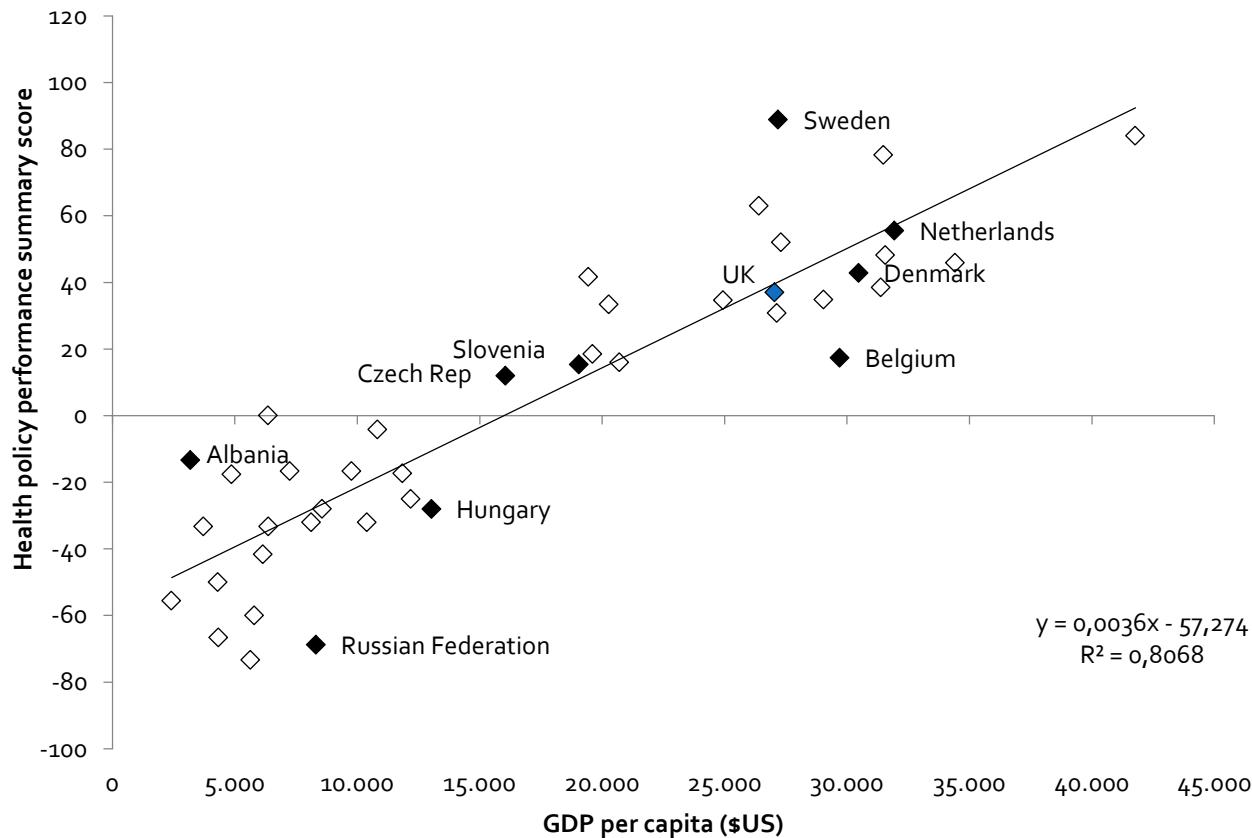
EXCESS DEATHS IN EUROPE AS COMPARED TO BEST PERFORMER (SWEDEN)

Condition	Excess deaths	Condition	Excess deaths
Lung cancer	151,000	Injuries (1-19)	7,000
Liver cirrhosis	119,000	Infectious dis.	51,000
Other alcohol	14,000	Stroke	584,000
Ischemic heart	937,000	Cervical ca.	11,000
Infant mort.	26,000	Breast ca.	24,000
Maternal mort.	<1,000	Road transport	57,000



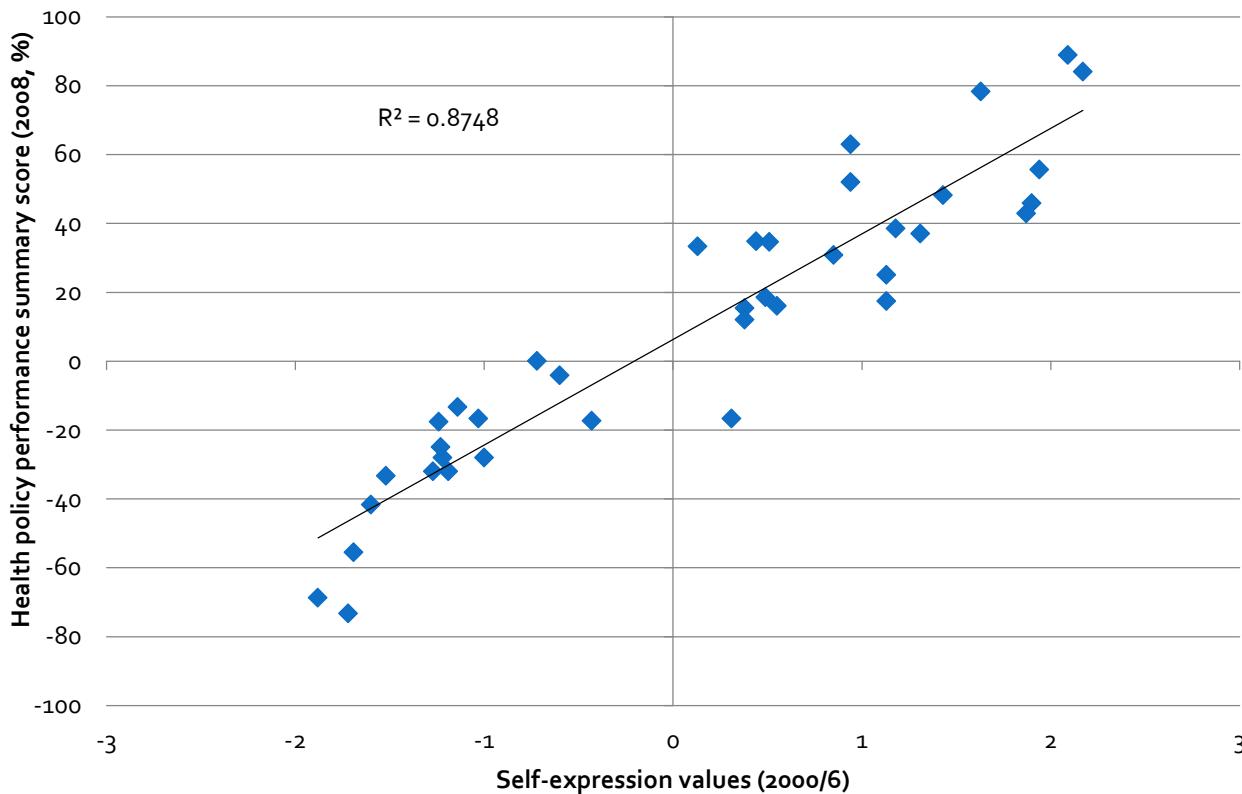
WHAT DETERMINES HEALTH POLICY? A COUNTRY'S MEANS?

National income vs.
health policy performance

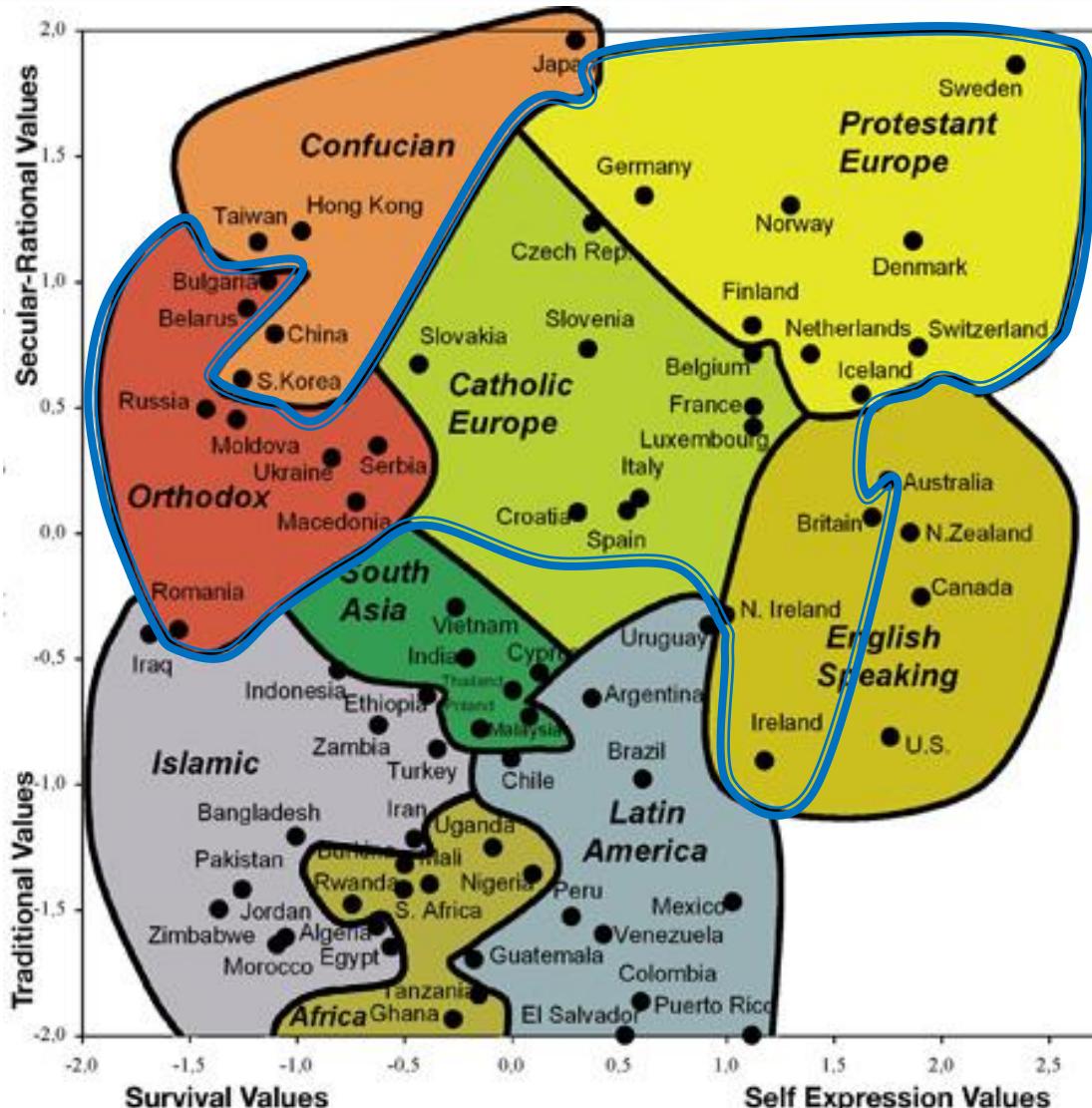


WHAT DETERMINES HEALTH POLICY? OR A COUNTRY'S WILL?

Value orientation vs.
health policy performance



WORLD VALUES SURVEY



Traditional values emphasize:

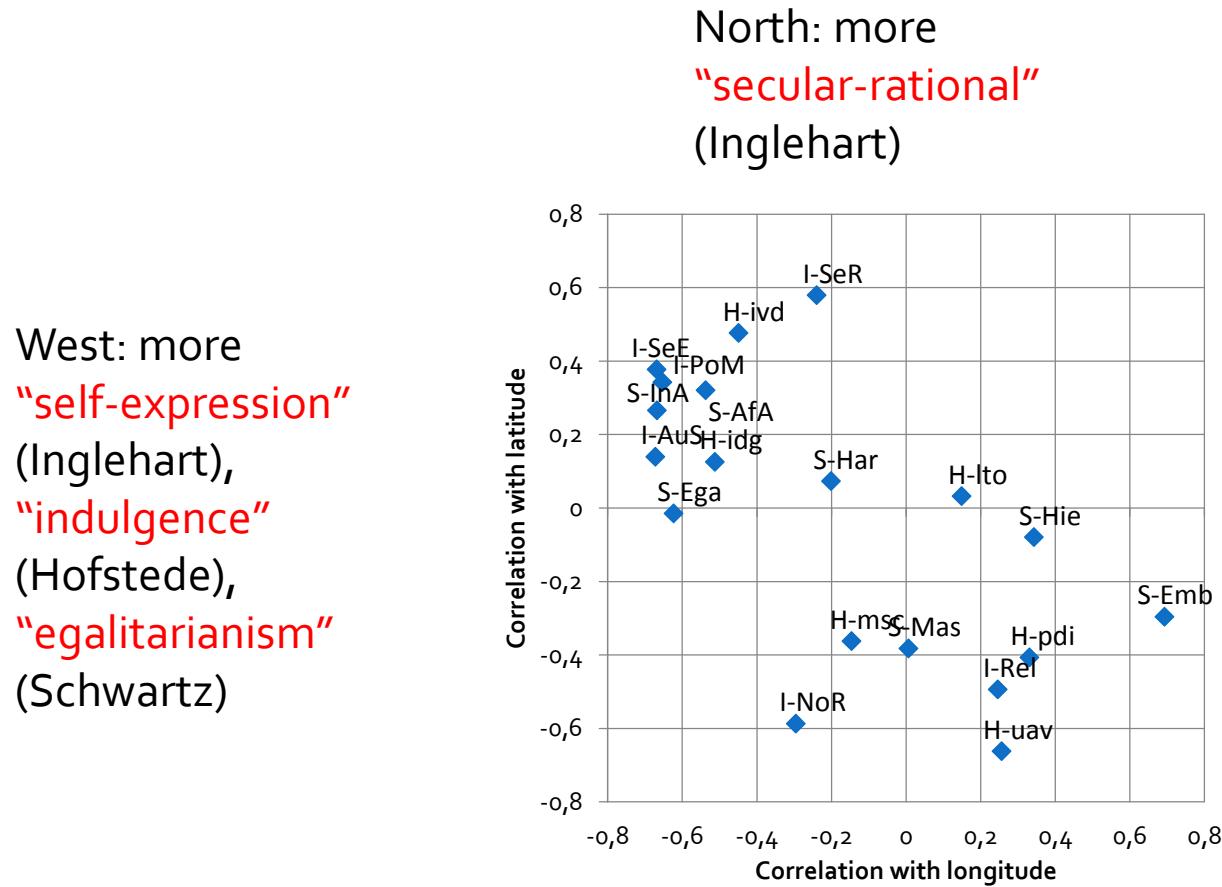
- God is very important
- Obedience and religious faith more important than independence
- Abortion never justified
- Strong sense of national pride
- Respect for authority

Survival values emphasize:

- Economic & physical security more important than self-expression and quality of life
- Would not sign a petition
- Have to be careful about trusting people

VARIATION OF CULTURAL VALUES IN EUROPE

West: more
“self-expression”
(Inglehart),
“indulgence”
(Hofstede),
“egalitarianism”
(Schwartz)



South: more
“uncertainty avoidance”
(Hofstede)

East: more
“embeddedness”
(Schwartz)

CULTURAL VALUES VS. HEALTH BEHAVIOURS IN EUROPE, 2011

	Self-expression (Inglehart)	Secular-rational (Inglehart)	Power distance (Hofstede)	Uncertainty avoidance (Hofstede)	Embeddedness (Schwartz)	Egalitarianism (Schwartz)
Behav- iours	30	30	30	30	30	30
Better	15	5	0	0	2	4
Worse	1	0	4	6	4	2

Multivariate regression analysis of 30 individual and collective health-related behaviours on cultural values, controlling for GDP and urbanization.

"Better" and "worse": p<.05.

Mackenbach, submitted

SPECIFIC POLICY INDICATORS VS. POLICY DETERMINANTS



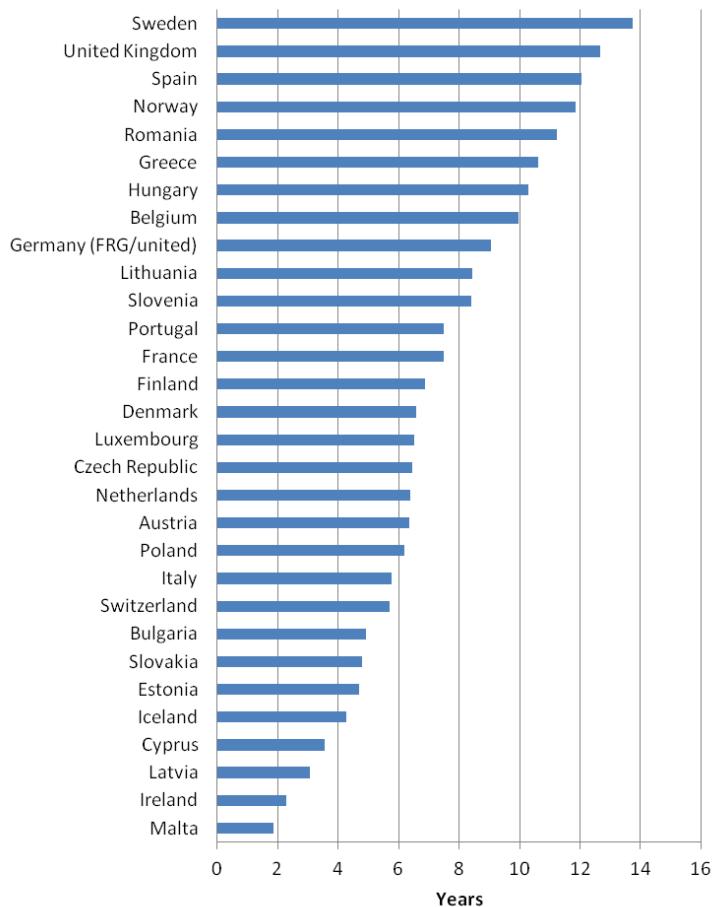
ROLE OF PARTY POLITICS?

- Political science literature: social-democratic government reduces income inequality
- We find no effect of recent, and some effect of long-term social-democratic government on health policy performance

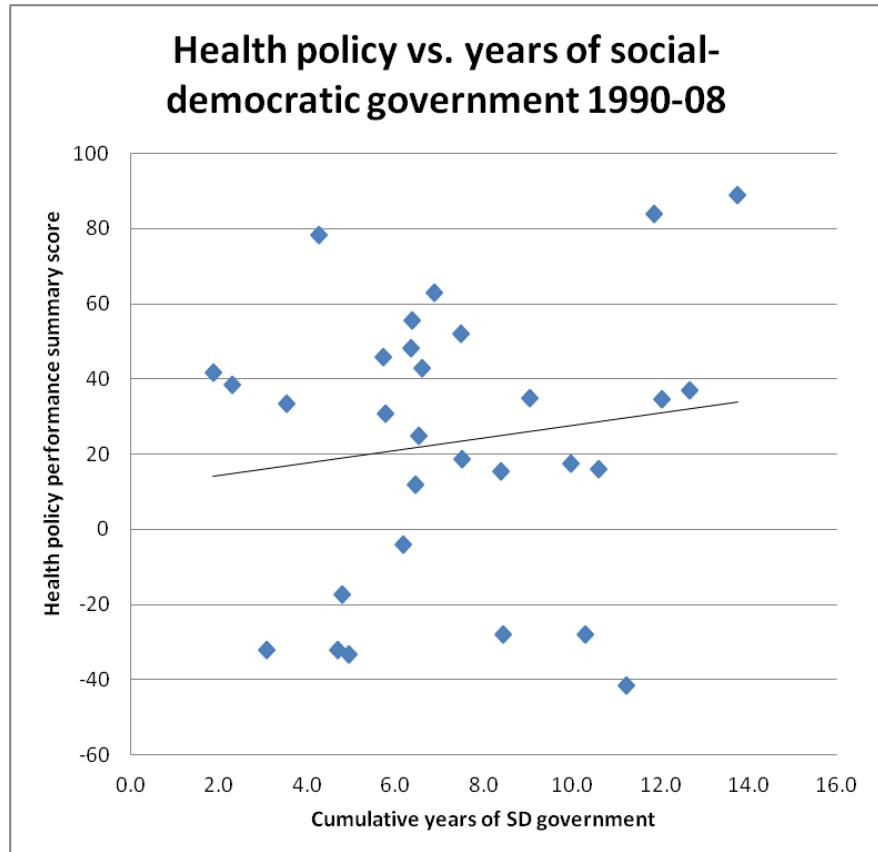


NO EFFECT OF RECENT LEFT GOVERNMENT

Cumulative years of social-democratic government, 1990-2008



Health policy vs. years of social-democratic government 1990-08

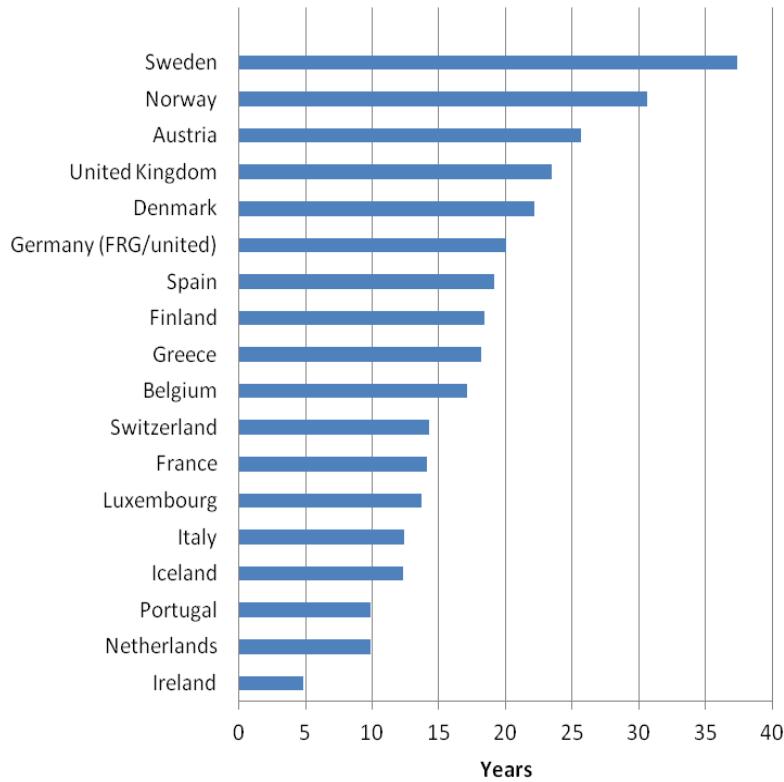


Univariate beta=1.671 (n.s.), multivariate beta = -0.103 (n.s.)

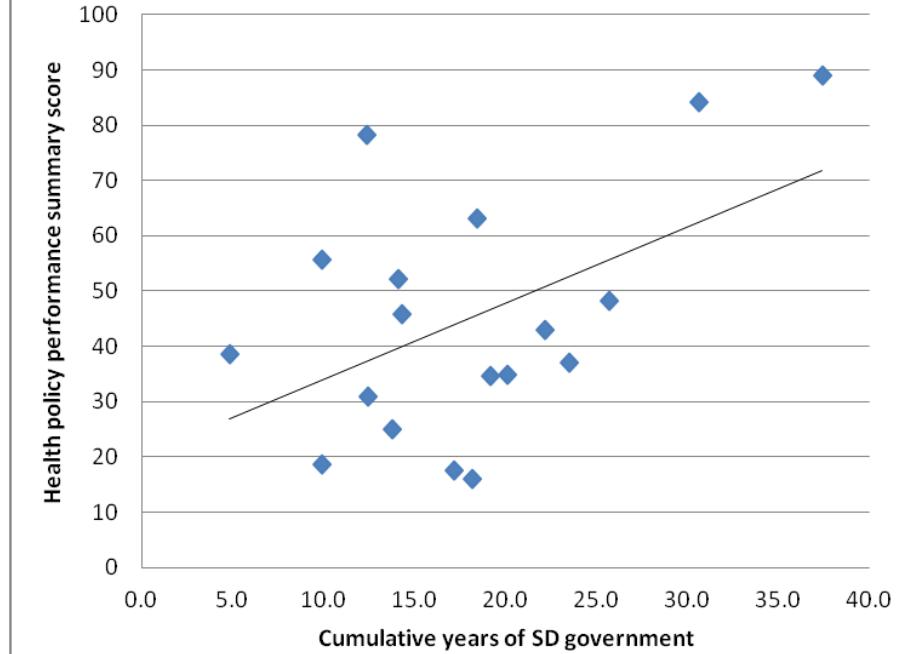
Mackenbach & McKee 2013

SOME EFFECT OF LONG-TERM LEFT GOVERNMENT?

Cumulative years of social-democratic government ,1960-08



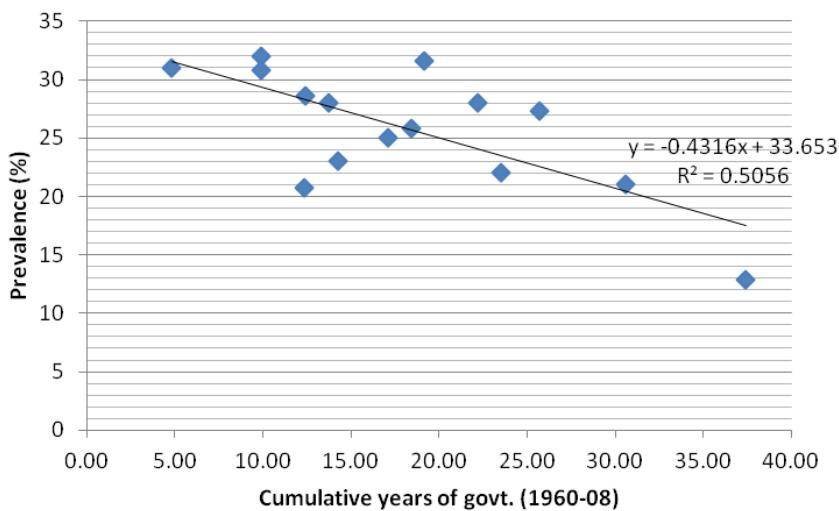
Health policy vs. years of social-democratic government, 1960-08



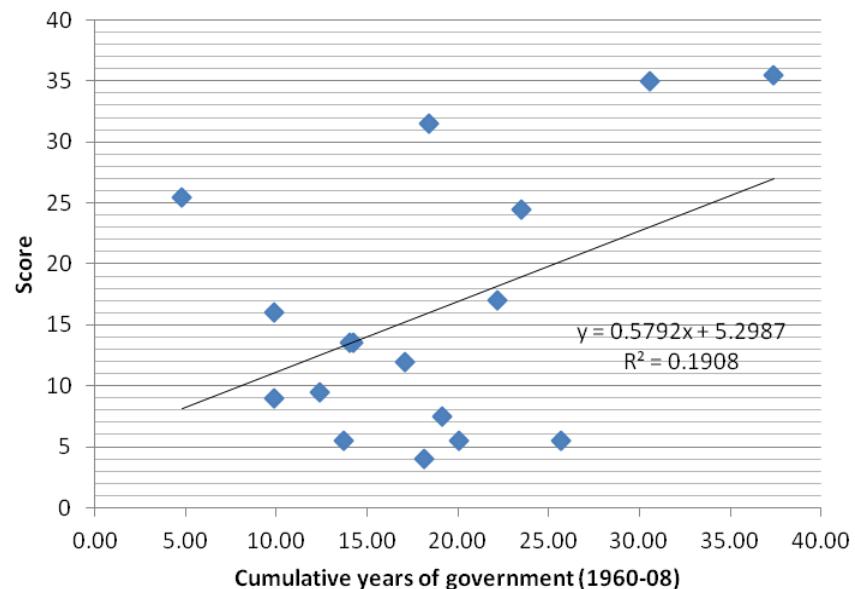
Univariate beta=1.381 (p=0.04), multivariate beta = 0.812 (n.s.)

TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL

Male smoking vs.
years of SD government



BtG alcohol policy score vs.
years of SD government



Mackenbach & McKee 2013

IN CONCLUSION

- The diverging health trends in Europe are a testimony to both the successes and failures of health policy in Europe in the past decades
- Economic, cultural and political conditions have been the main drivers of this divergence, but they were partly mediated by specific health policies
- Europe's diversity offers great opportunities for mutual learning, in which public health and health policy research have an important role to play

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- Martin McKee
- Marina Karanikolos, Caspar Looman, Yannan Hu
- Peter Anderson, Ahti Anttila, Béatrice Blondel, Caroline Bollars, Laura Currie, Anna Gilmore, Patrick Goodman, Susann Henschel, Babak Khoshnood, José Martín-Moreno, Andrew McCulloch, Sylvia Medina, Francesco Mitis, Ionela Petrea, Ralf Reintjes, Liselotte Schäfer-Elinder, Dinesh Sethi, Ingrid Wolfe, and Jennifer Zeitlin
- Rockefeller Foundation

PUBLICATIONS

- Mackenbach JP. Convergence and divergence of life expectancy in Europe: a centennial view. *Eur J Epidemiol* **2013**; *28*:229-40
- Mackenbach JP. Political conditions and life expectancy in Europe, 1900-2008. *Soc Sci Med* **2013**; *82*:134-46.
- Mackenbach JP, Hu Y, Loosman CWN. Democratization and life expectancy in Europe, 1960-2008. *Soc Sci Med* **2013**; *93*:166-175
- Mackenbach JP, Loosman CWN. Life expectancy and national income in Europe, 1900-2008: an update of Preston's analysis. *Int J Epidemiol* **2013**; *42*:1100 - 1110
- Mackenbach JP, McKee M. A comparative analysis of health policy performance in 43 European countries. *Eur J Publ Health* **2013**; *23*:195-201.
- Mackenbach JP, Karanikolos M, McKee M. Health policy in Europe: factors critical for success. *BMJ* **2013**; *346*:f533.
- Mackenbach JP, Karanikolos M, McKee M. The unequal health of Europeans: successes and failures of policies. *Lancet* **2013**; *381*:1125–34.
- Mackenbach JP, McKee M. Social-democratic government and health policy in Europe: a quantitative analysis. *Int J Health Serv* **2013**; *43*:389-413.

THANK YOU!

